

CABINET

Date of Meeting	Monday 26 September 2022
Report Subject	Medium Term Financial Strategy and Budget 2023/24
Cabinet Member	Cabinet Member for Finance, Inclusion, Resilient Communities including Social Value and Procurement for Finance, Inclusion, Resilient Communities including Social Value & Procurement
Report Author	Corporate Finance Manager and Chief Executive
Type of Report	Strategic

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report provides an update to the additional budget requirement for the 2023/24 financial year in advance of the specific Member Briefings and Scrutiny meetings to be held in the Autumn.

An additional budget requirement of £16.503m for 2023/24 was reported to Cabinet and Corporate Resources Overview and Scrutiny Committee in July. At that stage it was acknowledged that there was further work to be undertaken over the summer to reflect ever changing service demands and to assess the impacts of emerging pay awards and inflationary impacts such as utilities.

The current national employers pay offers for Teachers and NJC (Green Book) employees are now known and the significant financial impact has been included in the revised forecast. Latest intelligence on potential future increases on utility prices has also been built into the forecast - this is also significant.

The impact of pay and utilities, together with other changes to existing cost pressures and some new emerging pressures across Portfolios, have increased the minimum budget requirement to £24.348m as detailed in table 1 of the report.

The report also sets out the budget solutions and risks that will need to be urgently considered to enable the Council to set a legal and balanced budget in February.

RECO	MMENDATIONS
1	To receive and note the revised additional budget requirement for the 2023/24 financial year.
2	To note the budget solutions and risks that will need to be urgently considered to enable the Council to set a legal and balanced budget in February.

REPORT DETAILS

1.00	EXPLAINING THE MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY AND BUDGET 2023/24
1.01	This report provides an update to the additional budget requirement for the 2023/24 financial year in advance of the specific Member Briefings and Scrutiny meetings to be held in the Autumn.
1.02	An additional budget requirement of £16.503m for 2023/24 was reported to Cabinet and Corporate Resources Overview and Scrutiny Committee in July. At that stage it was acknowledged that there was further work to be undertaken over the summer to reflect ever changing service demands and to assess the impacts of emerging pay awards and inflationary impacts such as utilities.
	THE REVISED ADDITIONAL BUDGET REQUIREMENT
1.03	Pay Awards – Update
	National negotiations have commenced between Employers and Trade Unions for the current year 2022/23. The Council has provided for an uplift of 3.5% for Teaching and Non-Teaching employees within this year's budget.
	The current pay offer for teachers is 5% for 2022/23 and 3.5% for 2023/24 and for NJC employees an offer of an £1,925 increase on all spinal column points has been made for 2022/23. This equates to an increase of 2.54% on the highest scale point to 10.5% on the lowest level.
	The in year impact of this increased pay offer will need to be met from reserves in 2022/23 and the budget requirement for 2023/24 will also increase due to the need to ensure the amounts are built into the base budget on a recurring basis.
	The additional impact for 2023/24 of the 2022 pay offer as it stands at the moment is £4.594m for NJC staff (including schools) and the additional cost for Teachers over and above the estimate already included is £1.144m.

The teachers' pay offer included an increase of 3.5% for 2023/24.
The 2023/24 pay award assumptions for Teachers and NJC have therefore
been increased from 2.5% to 3.5% to bring them to this level which is
considered reasonable at this time.

1.04 Utilities Inflation – Update

Market volatility is continuing and forecasting likely increases in this market is extremely challenging. This has had a significant impact on UK energy prices causing steep cost rises across the wholesale utility markets.

The revised forecast has been calculated with information from our energy suppliers on a range of scenarios taking account of new contracts to be purchased for both electricity and gas. As current markets are likely to remain volatile it is difficult to include any longer term forecasts beyond 2023/24.

The revised forecast includes an increase of 75% for electricity and an increase of 291% on gas. The impact of these increases is affected by the current amount of energy already purchased by our suppliers.

These inflationary impacts have increased the additional budget requirement by £1.050m for 2023/24.

1.05 The impact of pay and utilities, together with other changes to existing cost pressures and some new emerging pressures across Portfolios, have increased the additional budget requirement to £24.348m as detailed in table 1 below:

1.06 Table 1: Changes to the Additional Budget Requirement 2023/24

		£m
July Cabinet Report		16.503
Increases to Pressures:		
Pay		
Impact of NJC Pay offer 2022	4.594	
Impact of Teachers Pay offer 2022	1.144	
Revised Projections for 2023 NJC	1.366	
Revised Projections for 2023 Teachers	0.482	
Total Changes to Pay		7.586
Utility Cost Inflationary Increase	1.050	
Fuel Cost Increase	0.362	
Pressure for Basware reprofiled from 25/26	0.041	
Other Changes to Pressures		1.453
Reductions to Pressures		
Borrowing costs reprofiling	(0.448)	

	Social Care pressures/reduction and reprofile	(0.365)
	Delegated Schools pressure	(1.000)
	On Site Inclusion Centres	(0.124)
	Schools information Management System	(0.177)
	Revisions to other pressures	(0.149)
	Total Reductions to Pressures	(2.263)
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	New Pressures	1.069
	New Budget Requirement	24.348
1.07	ONGOING RISKS	
	Despite the work undertaken over the summer trisks that may change the additional budget requelenw.	
1.08	Out of County Placements	
	The position on Out of County Placements remain numbers of placements in the current financial ykept under review.	
1.09	Social Care Commissioning	
	The Social Care Sector continues to experience pressures and negotiations with care providers	_
1.10	Pay Awards	
	The pay awards for both Teachers and NJC are therefore there is a risk that they could be increased	
1.11	<u>Inflation</u>	
	The forecast includes updated projections on er are based on the latest intelligence from our sur forecasts are particularly volatile and subject to	ppliers at this time. The
1.12	External Partners	
	Our external partners are also subject to the sar and inflation which will present them with similar There is a risk and likelihood that additional con the Council.	challenges to the Council.
	Budget Solutions	
1.13	The options available to the Council to meet this requirement are summarised in the table below, progressed with urgency:	•

- Supplementary Welsh Government Grant seek support to meet the costs of increased pay awards and inflation
 Efficiencies Portfolios
 Efficiencies Schools
 Efficiencies Corporate Financing
 Reduction of Cost Pressures review controllable cost pressures
 Deferral / Reprofiling of Capital Projects with revenue implications
 Council Tax
 Use of Reserves and Balances
- 1.14 Government Funding Aggregate External Finance (AEF)

The 2022/23 local government settlement provided, for the first time in a number of years, indicative figures for future settlements of 3.5% for 2023/24 and 2.4% for 2024/25.

These indicative allocations, though welcome at the time, are at a much lower level than those received over the last two years and were also set in a vastly different economic climate. By way of context an uplift on the Council's AEF of 3.5% equates to around £8m.

Without a supplementary increase to our allocation the Council will have a serious and significant challenge to be able to meet its statutory responsibility of setting a legal and balanced budget for 2023/24 and future years.

1.15 <u>Table 4 – Budget Timeline</u>

Date	Event
September/October	Member Briefings
October/November	Overview and Scrutiny Committees
20 December 2022	Cabinet
20 December 2022	Welsh Government Draft Budget
21 December 2022	Provisional Local Government Settlement
17 January 2023	Cabinet – Budget Review
14 February 2023	Cabinet and Council – Final Budget Setting
1 March 2023	Welsh Government Final Budget/Settlement

2.00	RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS
2.01	Revenue: the revenue implications for the 2023/24 budget are set out in the report.
	Capital: the borrowing needs for the capital programme are built into the revenue estimates for 2023/24.

3.00	IMPACT ASSESSMENT AN	D RISK MANAGEMENT	
3.01	Ways of Working (Sustainable Development) Principles Impact		
	Long-term	Negative – the absence of longer-term funding settlements from Welsh Government means that sustainable support for service delivery is challenging for the longer term. Sustainable funding from Welsh Government that provides additional funding for Indexation, Service demands and new legislation will provide a positive and sustainable position for the Council in the longer term.	
	Prevention	As above	
	Integration	Neutral Impact	
	Collaboration	Services continue to explore opportunities for collaboration with other services and external partners to support positive impacts.	
	Involvement	Communication with Members, residents and other stakeholders throughout the budget process.	
	Well-Being Goals Impact		
	Prosperous Wales	Longer term funding settlements from Welsh Government that provide additional funding for indexation, service demands and new legislation will aid sustainability and support a strong economy that encourage business investment in the region. The opposite will be true if settlements are inadequate.	
	Resilient Wales	Continuation of services to support communities and social cohesion will have a positive impact. The opposite will be true if settlements are inadequate.	
	Healthier Wales	An appropriate level of funding will ensure that communities are supported and will have a positive impact. The opposite will be true if settlements are inadequate.	
	More equal Wales	A positive impact with greater parity of funding from Welsh Government for all Welsh Local Authorities. The opposite will be true if settlements are inadequate.	

Cohesive Wales	Appropriate level of funding will support services working alongside partners. The opposite will be true if settlements are inadequate.
Vibrant Wales	As Healthier and Cohesive Wales above
Globally responsible Wales	Neutral impact.

4.00	CONSULTATIONS REQUIRED/CARRIED OUT
4.01	Consultation has taken place with Portfolio Management Teams and the Chief Officer Team, the Finance Team, Cabinet Members, Group Leaders and Scrutiny Committees. Further consultation will be undertaken through Member briefings and specific Scrutiny meetings during the Autumn.

5.00	APPENDICES
5.01	None to this report

6.00	LIST OF ACCESSIBLE BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS
6.01	Cabinet Report 12 July 2022

7.00	CONTACT OFFICER DETAILS
7.01	Contact Officer: Gary Ferguson Corporate Finance Manager Telephone: 01352 702271 E-mail: gary.ferguson@flintshire.gov.uk

8.00	GLOSSARY OF TERMS
8.01	Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS): a written strategy which gives a forecast of the financial resources which will be available to a Council for a given period, and sets out plans for how best to deploy those resources to meet its priorities, duties and obligations.
	Revenue: a term used to describe the day to day costs of running Council services and income deriving from those services. It also includes charges

for the repayment of debt, including interest, and may include direct financing of capital expenditure.

Capital: Expenditure on the acquisition of **non-current assets** or expenditure which extends the useful life of an existing asset.

Budget: a statement expressing the Council's policies and service levels in financial terms for a particular financial year. In its broadest sense it includes both the revenue budget and capital programme and any authorised amendments to them.

Revenue Support Grant: the annual amount of money the Council receives from Welsh Government to fund what it does alongside the Council Tax and other income the Council raises locally. Councils can decide how to use this grant across services although their freedom to allocate according to local choice can be limited by guidelines set by Government.

Specific Grants: An award of funding from a grant provider (e.g. Welsh Government) which must be used for a pre-defined purpose.

Welsh Local Government Association: the representative body for unitary councils, fire and rescue authorities and national parks authorities in Wales.

Financial Year: the period of 12 months commencing on 1 April.

Local Government Funding Formula: The system through which the annual funding needs of each council is assessed at a national level and under which each council's Aggregate External Finance (AEF) is set. The revenue support grant is distributed according to that formula.

Aggregate External Finance (AEF): The support for local revenue spending from the Welsh Government and is made up of formula grant including the revenue support grant and the distributable part of non-domestic rates.

Provisional Local Government Settlement: The Provisional Settlement is the draft budget for local government published by the Welsh Government for consultation. The Final Local Government Settlement is set following the consultation.

Funding Floor: a guaranteed level of funding for councils who come under the all-Wales average change in the annual Settlement. A floor has been a feature of the Settlement for many years.